HEARTLAND COMMUNICATIONS FACILITY AUTHORITY

Basic Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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ROGERS, ANDERSON, MALODY & SCOTT, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, SINCE 1948

Independent Auditor's Report

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Board of Commissioners Heartland Communications Facility Authority El Cajon, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Heartland Communications Facility Authority (the Authority) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Authority, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Prior Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Authority's 2019 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified opinion in our report dated November 27, 2019. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2019, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has elected to omit the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2020, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rogers, Anderson, Malooly & Scott, LLP.

San Bernardino, California December 8, 2020

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

(With prior year data for comparison purposes only)

	Governmental Activities				
		2020	2019		
Assets:					
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$	4,559,828	\$	3,907,764	
Receivables:					
Accounts, net		27,343		175,252	
Grants		164,760		30,333	
Interest		17,676		20,426	
Capital assets, net (note 3)		761,500		587,808	
Total assets		5,531,107		4,721,583	
Deferred outflows of resources (notes 9 and 10):					
Pension related		701,524		609,049	
OPEB related		6,089		11,449	
Deferred outflows of resources		707,613		620,498	
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		138,811		168,267	
Accrued liabilities		87,052		78,239	
Non-current liabilities (note 5):					
Due within one year		59,275		32,510	
Due in more than one year		106,950		108,836	
Total OPEB liability (note 10)		427,816		383,075	
Net pension liability (note 9)		2,365,914		2,176,142	
Total liabilities		3,185,818		2,947,069	
Deferred inflows of resources (notes 9 and 10):					
Pension related		141,306		148,945	
OPEB related		11,391		42,626	
Deferred inflows of resources		152,697		191,571	
Net position:					
Investment in capital assets		761,500		587,808	
Restricted		1,470,661		1,196,068	
Unrestricted		668,044		419,565	
Total net position	\$	2,900,205	\$	2,203,441	

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With prior year data for comparison purposes only)

			Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position			
		Program Revenues	Governmental Activities			
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Charges for Services	2020	2019		
Governmental activities: Public safety	\$ 3,302,216	\$ 3,696,697	\$ 394,481	\$ 990,466		
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,302,216	\$ 3,696,697	394,481	990,466		
	General revenues: Investment inco Other		171,504 130,779	102,723 195,153		
	Total general	revenues	302,283	297,876		
	Change in net	position	696,764	1,288,342		
	Net position,	beginning	2,203,441	915,099		
	Net position,	ending	\$ 2,900,205	\$ 2,203,441		

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

(With prior year data for comparison purposes only)

		General	Special Revenue Grant		Revenue		Revenue		Revenue			Capital Projects		То	tal	
		Fund		Fund		Fund		2020		2019						
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	2,973,837	\$		\$	1,585,991	\$	4,559,828	\$	2 007 764						
Receivables:	φ		φ	-	φ		φ		φ	3,907,764						
Accounts, net		20,717		-		6,626		27,343		175,252						
Grants		-		164,760		-		164,760		30,333						
Interest		11,751		-		5,925		17,676		20,426						
Due from other funds		441,864		-		-		441,864		53,598						
Total assets	\$	3,448,169	\$	164,760	\$	1,598,542	\$	5,211,471	\$	4,187,373						
Liabilities:																
Accounts payable	\$	10,930	\$	-	\$	127,881	\$	138,811	\$	168,267						
Accrued liabilities		87,052		-		-		87,052		78,239						
Due to other funds		-		441,864		-		441,864		53,598						
Total liabilities		97,982		441,864		127,881		667,727		300,104						
Deferred inflows of resources:																
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		-		34,430						
Fund balances:																
Assigned		-		-		1,470,661		1,470,661		1,196,068						
Unassigned (deficit)		3,350,187		(277,104)		-		3,073,083		2,656,771						
Total fund balances		3,350,187		(277,104)		1,470,661		4,543,744		3,852,839						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	3,448,169	\$	164,760	\$	1,598,542	\$	5,211,471	\$	4,187,373						
	Ψ	0,440,100	Ψ	104,700	Ψ	1,000,042	Ψ	5,211,771	Ψ	4,101,010						

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 4,543,744
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	1,529,727 (768,227)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	(166,225) (2,365,914) (427,816)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not due and payable, or owed and receivable, respectively, in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension	 6,089 (11,391) 701,524 (141,306)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,900,205

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With prior year data for comparison purposes only)

	General	Special Revenue Grant	Capital Projects	Tc	ıtal
	Fund	Fund	Fund	2020	2019
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,273,560	\$ 164,760	\$ 292,807	\$ 3,731,127	\$ 3,605,230
Investment income	111,747	-	59,757	171,504	102,723
Other	92,736	-	38,043	130,779	195,153
Total revenues	3,478,043	164,760	390,607	4,033,410	3,903,106
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety	2,734,704	-	242,184	2,976,888	2,409,011
Capital outlay		363,495	2,122	365,617	80,491
Total expenditures	2,734,704	363,495	244,306	3,342,505	2,489,502
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	743,339	(198,735)	146,301	690,905	1,413,604
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	128,292	128,292	130,929
Transfers out	(128,292)	-		(128,292)	(130,929)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(128,292)	-	128,292		
Net change in fund balances	615,047	(198,735)	274,593	690,905	1,413,604
Fund balances (deficit), beginning	2,735,140	(78,369)	1,196,068	3,852,839	2,439,235
Fund balances (deficit), ending	\$ 3,350,187	\$ (277,104)	\$ 1,470,661	\$ 4,543,744	\$ 3,852,839

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 690,905
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and is reported as depreciation expense.	
Capitalized assets Depreciation expense	269,272 (95,580)
Unavailable revenue from prior periods that were recognized as revenue in the current period must be eliminated	(34,430)
Some expenses reported on the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Net pension expense adjustments	(89,658)
Increase in compensated absences	(24,879)
Total OPEB expense adjustments	 (18,866)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 696,764

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Organization

Heartland Communications Facility Authority (the Authority) was created on June 25, 1986, as amended by a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement (the Agreement). The current participants having a common interest include the City of El Cajon (the City), City of Lemon Grove, City of Santee, City of La Mesa, Alpine Fire Protection Districts, Lakeside Fire Protection District, Bonita-Sunnyside Fire Protection District, and the San Miguel Fire Protection District, all in California (collectively as Member Agencies). This agreement shall continue in full force and effect as long as the number of Member Agencies is not reduced below two, or until such time as the Member Agencies agree to terminate the Agreement.

The Authority was formed to equip, maintain, operate, and staff a facility that provides emergency call receiving and dispatching services to the Member Agencies. The Authority also provides services to other public agencies on a contract basis. As of June 30, 2020, the Authority provided contract services to five other agencies within San Diego County.

One elected official from each Member Agency including the City of El Cajon is appointed to the Authority as a board member of the commission (the Commission). The Commission approves an annual budget based upon the costs of operating the Authority.

The books and records for the Authority are located in the City of El Cajon, Finance Department at 200 Civic Center Way, El Cajon, California 92020.

The City also provides clerical and accounting services for the Authority. Charges for services by the City to the Authority were \$53,313 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

(b) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The *financial statements* of the Authority are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

Government-wide financial statements

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. *Basis of accounting* refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Program revenues include charges for services and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

Fund financial statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified-accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

(b) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grant revenues are considered to be available with 180 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The Authority reports the following as major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Special Revenue Grant Fund* is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to for special purposes other than those recorded in the General Fund or Capital Projects Fund.

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for the financial resources associated with the acquisition of equipment for the Authority.

(c) Annual budgets

The Authority adopts an annual budget prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting for its General Fund, Special Revenue Grant Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

(d) Cash and investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value, except for non-participating certificates of deposit and investment contracts that are not transferable and that have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

The City of El Cajon pools cash and investments of all City funds, City component units and for certain other agencies, including the Authority. The Authority's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and investments*. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated quarterly to the various City funds and to the Authority based on daily average cash and investment balances.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

(e) Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types at time of purchase. Assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more are capitalized at cost. In the case of acquisitions through gifts or contributions, such assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the time received. Costs or normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Equipment of the Authority is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of between three and seven years.

(f) Compensated absences payable

Accumulated vacation, sick leave benefits and compensatory time, payable in future years when used by Authority employees, amounted to \$166,225 at June 30, 2020. These amounts are payable from future resources, rather than currently available expendable resources, and therefore have been reflected as a liability in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Also see note 5 to the financial statements regarding further information for compensated absences payable.

(g) Government-wide

In the government-wide financial statements, net position are classified in the following categories:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvements.
- *Restricted Net Position* This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Position This amount is all net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available to meet an expense, the Authority's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

(h) Fund balance

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which the resources can be used.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

- (h) Fund balance, (continued)
 - Nonspendable Fund Balance: amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
 - *Restricted Fund Balance:* amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.
 - *Committed Fund Balance:* amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using the highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
 - Assigned Fund Balance: amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose, intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.
 - Unassigned Fund Balance: amounts that are for any purpose, positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Board of Commissioners establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. The Authority has not designated any level of authority for assigning fund balance; therefore, the Board of Commissioners can assign fund balance.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for uses when expenditure is incurred, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. It is the Authority's policy to consider committed amounts as being reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications should be used.

(i) Use of estimates

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and necessarily include amounts based on estimates and assumptions by management. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

(j) Pension plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CaIPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. CaIPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CaIPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2019
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

(k) Prior year data

The information included in the accompanying financial statements for the prior year has been presented for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Certain minor reclassifications of prior year data have been made in order to enhance their comparability with current year figures.

(I) Other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined by an actuary. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 75 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD)	July 1, 2018
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2019
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

(2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:		
Cash and investments	\$	4,559,828
Total cash and investments	\$	4,559,828
		<u> </u>
Cash and investments held by the Authority at June 30,	2020	consist of the following.

Equity in City's investment pool	\$ 4,559,828
Total cash and investments	\$ 4,559,828

Equity in the Cash and Investment Pool of the City of El Cajon

The Authority has no separate bank accounts or investments other than Authority's equity in the cash and investment pool managed by the City of El Cajon (the City). The Authority is a voluntary participant in that pool. This pool is governed by and under the regulatory oversight of the investment policy adopted by the City Council. The Authority has not adopted an investment policy separate from that of the City's. The fair value of the Authority's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the Authority's pro-rata share of the fair value calculated by the City for the entire City portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the City, which are recorded on an original cost basis. Refer to the City of El Cajon's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for additional information about the pool and the pool's interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk and custodial credit risk.

Fair Value Measurement

Currently, the Authority does not have any investments subject to recurring fair value measurement.

(3) Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets during the fiscal year.

Governmental Activities:	Beginning balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Construction in progress	\$ 78,3	369 \$	-	\$	(78,369)	\$	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	78,	369	-		(78,369)		
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Equipment	1,182,0	086	347,641		-		1,529,727
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,182,0)86	347,641				1,529,727
Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment	(672,6	647)	(95,580)		_		(768,227)
Total accumulated depreciation	(672,6	647)	(95,580)		-		(768,227)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	509,4	139	252,061		-		761,500
Total capital assets, net	\$ 587,8		252,061	\$	(78,369)	\$	761,500

Depreciation expense was charged to the following function of the Authority as follows:

Public safety _____\$ 95,580

(4) Operating Leases

Heartland Communications Facility

The Authority leases its facility from the City of El Cajon on a month-to-month basis at a monthly rates ranging from \$4,000 to \$4,120 during the year. Rental expenses for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$57,322, which comprised of \$50,280 in facility lease expenses and \$4,675 in copier lease expenses.

(5) Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2020.

		eginning balance	Additions	 tirements/ justments		Ending balance	 nount due in pre than one year	 ount due thin one year
Compensated								
absences	\$	141,346	\$ 133,246	\$ 108,367	\$	166,225	\$ 106,950	\$ 59,275
Total OPEB liability	/	383,075	44,741	-		427,816	427,816	-
Net pension								
liability		2,176,142	189,772	 -		2,365,914	 2,365,914	 -
	\$2	2,700,563	\$ 367,759	\$ 108,367	\$2	2,959,955	\$ 2,900,680	\$ 59,275

Compensated absences are typically liquidated from the General Fund.

(6) Transfers In/Out and Due to/from

For the year ended June 30, 2020, transfers in/out are as follows:

	Tra	ansfers in:
		Capital
		Projects
Transfers out:		Fund
General Fund	\$	128,292

The \$128,292 transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund represents an annual operational transfer.

	Due from:
Due to:	Special Revenue Grant Fund
General Fund	\$ 441,864

The \$441,864 represents borrowings to cover deficit cash balances.

(7) Deficit Fund Balances

At June 30, 2020, the Special Revenue Grant Fund had a negative fund balance of \$277,104.

(8) Deferred Compensation Plan

The Authority offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time Authority employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary to be deposited in individual investment accounts. Funds may be withdrawn by participants upon termination, retirement, death or certified emergency. All assets and income of the deferred compensation plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries.

(9) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (PERS)

General information about the pension plan

Plan description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The Authority sponsors two rate plans (both miscellaneous). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and Authority resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Benefits provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

(9) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (PERS), (continued)

General information about the pension plan, (continued)

The Plan operates under the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL), the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), and the regulations, procedures and policies adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the PERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the CalPERS Board.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan				
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2011	On or after January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	2.7% at 55	2.0% at 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50-55	52-67			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0%-2.7%	1.0%-2.5%			
Required employer contribution rates FY2019	13.473% + \$147,732	7.026% + \$1,495			

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Employer Contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were \$383,663. The actual employer payments for the miscellaneous plan of \$238,894. made to CalPERS by the Authority during the measurement period ending June 30, 2019, differed from the Authority's proportionate share of the employer's contributions of \$259,510 by (\$20,616) which is being amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple Employers plans.

(9) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (PERS), (continued)

Net pension liability

The Authority's net pension liability of the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2019, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is as follows.

Actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability

	Miscellaneous Plan
Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality Rate Table (1)	Derived using CalPERS'
	Membership Data for all Funds
	Contract COLA up to 2.50% until
	Purchasing Power
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Protection Allowance floor on
	purchasing power applies

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

(9) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (PERS), (continued)

Net pension liability, (continued)

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

Asset Class ¹	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years - 10 ²	Real Return Years 11+ ³
Global equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	(0.92%)
Total	100%		

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

¹ In the System's CAFR, fixed income is included in global debt securities; liquidity is included in short-term investments; inflation assets are included in both global equity securities and global debt securities.

²An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period

³ An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

Change in assumption

There were no changes in assumptions.

(9) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (PERS), (continued)

Net pension liability, (continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Information about the pension plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position are presented in CalPERS' audited financial statements, which are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov. The plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan, which is the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

The plan fiduciary net position disclosed in the GASB 68 accounting valuation report may differ from the plan assets reported in the funding actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. First, for the accounting valuations, CalPERS must keep items such as deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) expense included as assets. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the funding actuarial valuation. In addition, differences may result from early Comprehensive Annual Financial Report closing and final reconciled reserves.

(9) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (PERS), (continued)

Proportionate share of net pension liability

The following table shows the Plans' proportionate share of the net pension liability over the measurement period.

		Increase (Decrease)				
	Plan Total		Plan Fiduciary		Plan Net Pension	
	Pension Liability		Net Position			Liability
		(a)	(b)		(c) = (a) - (b)	
Balance at: 6/30/2018 (VD)	\$	8,688,809	\$	6,512,667	\$	2,176,142
Balance at: 6/30/2019 (MD)		8,628,814		6,262,900		2,365,914
Net changes during 2018-19		(59,995)		(249,767)		189,772
Valuation Date (VD), Measurement Dat	e (MD)	1				

The Authority's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by CalPERS using the output from the Actuarial Valuation System and the fiduciary net position, as provided in the CalPERS Public Agency Cost-Sharing Allocation Methodology Report, which is a publicly available report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at <u>www.calpers.ca.gov</u>.

The Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the miscellaneous Plan as of the June 30, 2018 and 2019 measurement dates was as follows:

	Miscellaneous
	Plan
Proportionate Share - June 30, 2018	0.05774%
Proportionate Share - June 30, 2019	0.05908%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00134%

(9) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (PERS), (continued)

Proportionate share of net pension liability, (continued)

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate - 1% (6.15%)		 rent Discount ate (7.15%)	Discount Rate + 1% (8.15%)	
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	3,526,515	\$ 2,365,914	\$	1,407,919

Subsequent events

There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss.

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	5 year straight-line amortization
All other amounts	Straight-line amortization over the expected average remaining service lives (EARSL) of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period

(9) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (PERS), (continued)

Proportionate share of net pension liability, (continued)

The expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (PERF C).

The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement period ending June 30, 2019 is 3.8 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 530,470 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 140,593 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired). Note that inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Also note that total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

Pension expense and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

As of the start of the measurement period (July 1, 2018), the Authority's net pension liability for the plan was \$2,176,142. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2019 (the measurement date), the Authority incurred a pension expense of \$473,320 for the Plan.

As of June 30, 2020, the Authority has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
		of Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	164,323	\$	(12,732)	
Changes of assumptions		112,818		(39,993)	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan					
investments				(41,363)	
Change in employer's proportion		40,720		(6,569)	
Net difference between contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions				(40,649)	
Pension contributions subsequent to					
measurement date		383,663			
	\$	701,524	\$	(141,306)	

(9) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (PERS), (continued)

Pension expense and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, (continued)

These amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the 2018-19 measurement period expense. Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$383,663 reported with deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows

Fiscal year ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) o Resources, Net	of
2021	\$ 168,45	8
2022	(24,67	0)
2023	24,40	9
2024	8,35	8
2025	-	
Thereafter	-	

Payable to the pension plan

At June 30, 2020, the Authority reported a payable of \$-0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

(10) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General information about the OPEB plan

Plan description

The Authority has established a Retiree Healthcare Plan (HC Plan), and participates in a single employer defined benefit retiree healthcare plan. Medical coverage is currently provided through CalPERS as permitted under the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care ACT (PEMCHA). This coverage is available for employees who satisfy the requirements for retirement under the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), which is either (a) attainment of age 55 or older (age 62 for PEPRA members) with at least five years of State or public agency service or (b) retiring directly from the Authority. For disability retirees, upon eligibility for a disability pension. A separate financial report is not prepared for the HC Plan.

(10) Other Postemployment Benefits, (continued)

General information about the pension plan, (continued)

Benefits provided

The Authority provides a monthly contribution towards certain health benefits for retired members who retired on or after July 1, 1992. The monthly contribution was \$139 and \$136 during calendar years 2020 and 2019, respectively, in accordance with the Public Employees Medical and Health Care Act (PEMCHA).

Employees covered

As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the HC Plan:

Active employees	20
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Total	24

Contributions

The Authority makes health premium contributions for eligible retirees that enroll in a CalPERS health plan during retirement. The current monthly amount paid by the Authority ranges from \$346 – \$1,467. These amounts change annually based on the retiree's health plan election and rates published by CalPERS. The Authority provided amounts are detailed in the Summary of Principal Plan Provisions. The annual contribution is based on the actuarially determined contribution. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Authority's cash payments were \$0 and the estimated implied subsidy of \$6,089 resulting in total OPEB payments of \$6,089.

(10) Other Postemployment Benefits, (continued)

Total OPEB liability

The Agency's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2018, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount rate	3.15% per annum. This discount rate is the average, rounded to 5 basis points, of the range of 3-20 year municipal bond rate indices: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index, Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Bond Index.
Inflation	2.75%, per annum
	For cost method purposes, the merit increases
Salary increases	from the most recent CalPERS pension plan valuation will be used
Investment rate of return	3.15%
Mortality rate	Based on the most recent CalPERS pension plan experience study
Medical trend rate	For 2019 and 2020 actual, for periods beyond decreasing by .5% per annum

Discount Rate

The Authority does not currently fund its OPEB liability, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.15% percent.

Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability for the HC Plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) (c)= (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2019			
(Valuation Date June 30, 2018)	\$ 383,075	\$ -	\$ 383,075
Changes recognized for the measurement	period:		
Service cost	20,457	-	20,457
Interest	13,945	-	13,945
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	10,185	(10,185)
Change of assumptions	20,524	-	20,524
Benefit payments	(10,185)	(10,185)	-
Differences in expected and actual experince			
Net changes	44,741		44,741
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 427,816	\$-	\$ 427,816

(10) Other Postemployment Benefits, (continued)

Total OPEB liability, (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Agency if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2019:

	Current								
	1%	6 Decrease 2.15%	_	Discount Rate 3.15%			1% Increase 4.15%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	495,694		\$	427,816		\$	372,904	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following represents the impact of a 1% change in assumed medical inflation using rates that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for the measurement period ended June 30, 2019:

		Current Healthcare Cost							
	1%	Decrease			Trend Rates	1%	6 Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	360,635	9	5	427,816	\$	514,008		

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time.

Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	5 years
All other amounts	Expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) (8.0 Years at June 30, 2019)

(10) Other Postemployment Benefits, (continued)

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources, (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Agency recognized OPEB expense of \$32,076. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Changes of assumptions	\$ 6,089 -	\$	- (11,391)		
Total	\$ 6,089	\$	(11,391)		

The \$6,089 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2019 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other deferred amounts will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred	
Fiscal year	Outflows/(Inflows	5)
ended June 30:	of Resources	
2021	\$ (2,32	26)
2022	(2,32	26)
2023	(2,32	26)
2024	(2,32	26)
2025	(2,32	26)
Thereafter:	23	39

(11) Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Authority has purchased commercial insurance with various coverage amounts to mitigate these risks. There were no settlements in excess of the insurance coverage in any of the three prior years.

(12) COVID-19 Considerations

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused business disruption through mandated and voluntary closings of businesses and shelter in place orders for all but those deemed essential services. While the business disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the closings and shelter in place orders. As a result, the outbreak has caused uncertainty in the financial markets. The Authority is carefully monitoring the situation and evaluating its options during this time. It is possible that this matter may negatively impact the Authority, however, the ultimate financial impact and duration cannot be estimated at this time, and no adjustments have been made to these financial statements as a result of this uncertainty.

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,201,896	\$ 3,201,896	\$ 3,273,560	\$ 71,664
Charges for services	78,293	78,293	-	(78,293)
Investment income	8,000	8,000	111,747	103,747
Other	5,000	5,000	92,736	87,736
Total revenues	3,293,189	3,293,189	3,478,043	184,854
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety				
Salaries and benefits	2,330,656	2,435,669	2,208,721	226,948
Materials, services and supplies	515,089	626,473	525,983	100,490
Total expenditures	2,845,745	3,062,142	2,734,704	327,438
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	447,444	231,047	743,339	512,292
Other financing sources (uses):	(100,000)	(400,000)	(400,000)	
Transfers out	(128,292)	(128,292)	(128,292)	
Total other financing sources				
(uses)	(128,292)	(128,292)	(128,292)	
Net change in fund balance	319,152	102,755	615,047	512,292
Fund balance, beginning	2,324,624	2,324,624	2,735,140	410,516
Fund balance, ending	\$ 2,643,776	\$ 2,427,379	\$ 3,350,187	\$ 922,808

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

					١	/ariance	
	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts		v	vith Final	
	Original		Final	Actual	Budget		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 317,145	\$	447,145	\$ 164,760	\$	(282,385)	
Total revenues	 317,145		447,145	 164,760		(282,385)	
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay	 67,145		67,145	 363,495		(296,350)	
Total expenditures	 67,145		67,145	 363,495		(296,350)	
Net change in fund balance	250,000		380,000	(198,735)		(578,735)	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	 (264,000)		(264,000)	 (78,369)		185,631	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (14,000)	\$	116,000	\$ (277,104)	\$	(393,104)	

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios as of the Measurement Date For the last 10 years*

Measurement Period	2017		2018	2019
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$	10,615	\$ 10,987	\$ 20,457
Interest on the total OPEB liability		9,643	10,499	13,945
Actual and expected experience difference		-	(9,583)	-
Changes in assumptions		-	(39,133)	20,524
Changes in benefit terms		-	123,826	-
Benefit payments		(4,252)	(5,039)	(10,185)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		16,006	91,557	 44,741
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		275,512	291,518	383,075
Total OPEB Liability - ending (a)		291,518	383,075	 427,816
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contribution - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)		4,252 - (4,252) - - - - - -	 5,039 - (5,039) - - - - - - -	 10, 185 - (10, 185) - - - - - - -
Net OPEB Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	291,518	\$ 383,075	\$ 427,816
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered employee payroll ⁽¹⁾	\$	798,443	\$ 1,027,000	\$ 1,027,000
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll $^{(1)}$		36.51%	37.30%	41.66%

Notes to schedule: Charges in assumptions: None

* Measurement date June 30, 2017 (fiscal year 2018) was the first year of implementation.

⁽¹⁾Contributions are not based on a measure of pay.

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions – Total OPEB Liability For the last 10 years*

Fiscal year	Actuarially Determined Contributions (ADC)		Contributions in relation to the ADC		Contribution deficiency/ (excess)			Covered employee payroll ⁽¹⁾	Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll
6/30/2018	\$	20,315	\$	(3,877)	\$	16,438	\$	798,443	0.49%
6/30/2019		10,185		(10,449)		(264)		1,027,000	1.02%
6/30/2020		11,795		(6,089)		5,706		1,027,000	0.59%

Notes to schedule:

Actuarial methods and assumptions used to set actuarially determined contributions for fiscal year 2020 were from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Methodology	Entry Age Normal Level % of Pay						
Asset Valuation Method	As of the valuation date, there were no reported GASB eligible assets						
Inflation	2.75%						
Payroll Growth	2.75% annually						
Investment Rate of Return	3.15%						
Healthcare Trend	For 2020 actual, for periods beyond decreasing by .5% per annum						
Retirement Age	55/62 years of age, 5 years of service						
Mortality	Based on the most recent CalPERS pension plan experience study						

* = Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Additional years to be presented as information becomes available.

⁽¹⁾ Contributions are not based on a measure of pay.

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Authority's Proportionate Share of the Plan's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios as of the Measurement Date For the last 10 years*

Measurement date	Employer's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability ¹	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability		Covered Payroll		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a percentage of the Employer's Covered Payroll	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability
6/30/2014	0.01831%	\$	1,139,250	\$	827,336	137.70%	83.03%
6/30/2015	0.02190%		1,502,310		870,880	172.50%	78.07%
6/30/2016	0.02200%		1,906,940		919,156	207.47%	73.75%
6/30/2017	0.02234%		2,215,807		1,126,342	196.73%	73.07%
6/30/2018	0.02258%		2,176,142		1,097,764	198.23%	74.95%
6/30/2019	0.02309%		2,365,914		1,203,362	196.61%	72.58%

¹ Proportion of the net pension liability represents the plan's proportion of PERF C, which includes both the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools excluding the 1959 Survivors Risk Pool.

* Measurement date 6/30/2014 (fiscal year 2014-15) was the first year of implementation. Additional years to be presented as information becomes available.

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Plan Contributions - Net Pension Liability For the last 10 years*

Fiscal year	De	ctuarially etermined ontribution	Rel A De	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		ered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/2015	\$	135,560	\$	(135,560)	\$	-	\$	870,880	15.57%
6/30/2016		167,968		(167,968)		-		919,156	18.27%
6/30/2017		200,518		(200,518)		-		1,126,342	17.80%
6/30/2018		206,306		(206,306)		-		1,097,764	18.79%
6/30/2019		238,894		(238,894)		-		1,203,362	19.85%
6/30/2020		383,663		(383,663)		-		1,354,983	28.31%

Notes to Schedule:

Change in Benefit Terms: None

Changes in Assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions in 2019. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate in 2019. In 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes in the discount rate. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

* Fiscal year 6/30/2015 was the first year of implementation. Additional years to be presented as information becomes available.

Heartland Communications Facility Authority Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

(1) Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

At June 30, 2020, the Special Revenue Grant Fund exceed total appropriations by \$296,350.



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Heartland Communications Facility Authority El Cajon, California

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Heartland Communications Facility Authority (the Authority), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rogens, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP.

San Bernardino, California December 8, 2020